## betano 2

<p&gt;Rodrygo Silva de Goes (Portugu&#234;s do Brasil: [odiau siwvP di aTjs];) Tj T\* BT /F

futebolista profissional</p&gt; <p&gt;rasileiro que joga na lateral ou atacante para o Real Madrid e A sele&# 231;ão</p&gt; <p&gt;::&lt;/p&gt; <p&gt;&lt;/p&gt;&lt;p&gt;Soul music dominated the U.S. R&amp;B chart in the 1 960s, and many recordings crossed over into the pop charts in 🍐 the U.S. ., Britain, and elsewhere. By 1968, the soul music genre had begun to splinter. Some soul artists developed funk 🍐 music, while other singers and group s developed slicker, more sophisticated, and in some cases more politically cons cious varieties.[10] Many soul 🍐 artists gained popularity due to the d omination of soul music in the R& B charts. Among these artists were Ray Char les, 🍐 James Brown and the soul group the Temptations.[11] By the early 1970s, soul music had been influenced by psychedelic and 🍐 progressive rock, among other genres, leading to psychedelic and progressive soul. The Unit ed States saw the development of neo soul 🍐 around 1994. There are also several other subgenres and offshoots of soul music.</p&gt; <p&gt;Stax Records and Atlantic Records were independent labels &#127824; th at produced high-quality dance records featuring many well-known singers of the day. They tended to have smaller ensembles marked by 🍐 expressive gospe I-tinged vocals. Brass and saxophones were also used extensively.[55][page neede d] Stax Records, founded by siblings Estelle and James Stewart, 🍐 was t he second most successful record label behind Motown Records. They were responsi ble for releasing hits by Otis Redding, Wilson 🍐 Pickett, the Staple Si ngers, and many more.[56] Ahmet Ertegun, who had anticipated being a diplomat un til 1944 when his father 🍐 died, founded Atlantic Records in 1947 with his friend Herb Abramson. Ertegun wrote many songs for Ray Charles and the &#127 824; Clovers. He even sang backup vocals for his artist Big Joe Turner on the s ong, "Shake Rattle and Roll".[57]</p&gt; <p&gt;Based primarily &#127824; in the Philadelphia International record lab el, Philadelphia soul (or Philly Soul) had lush string and horn arrangements and doo-wop-inspired vocals. 🍐 Thom Bell, and Kenneth Gamble & Damp; Leon Hu ff are considered the founders of Philadelphia soul, which produced hits for Pat ti 🍐 LaBelle, the O' Jays, the Intruders, the Three Degrees, the Del fonics, the Stylistics, Harold Melvin & Stylistics, Harold Melvin & Stylistics, and the 🍐 S pinners.</p&gt; lia [ adi+ 10 |+, /p 0 a+